

Classical transverse resistive wall Impedance and Wakefunction:

$$\begin{aligned}
 Z_{m=1}^{\perp}(\omega) &= (1 - i \operatorname{sgn} \omega) \frac{cL}{\pi b^3} \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0 \mu_r}{2\sigma}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{|\omega|}}{\omega} \\
 &= (1 - i) \frac{cL}{\pi b^3} \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0 \mu_r}{2\sigma}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{\omega}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$W_{m=1}^{\perp}(t < 0) = -\frac{cL}{\pi^3/2b^3} \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0 \mu_r}{\sigma}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{|t|}}$$

$$Z_{\parallel} = (1 - i \operatorname{sgn} \omega) \frac{1}{\delta_{skin} \sigma} \frac{L}{2\pi b}$$

$$\delta_{skin} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\sigma \mu_0 \mu_r |\omega|}}$$

$$Z_{ind} = -i \cdot \frac{L \mu_0}{4\pi} \cdot \omega$$

Trans. res. wall Impedance and Wakefunction with inductive bypass:

$$Z_{m=1}^{\perp}(\omega) = \frac{Z_{\parallel} \cdot Z_{ind}}{Z_{\parallel} + Z_{ind}} \cdot \frac{2c}{b^2\omega}$$

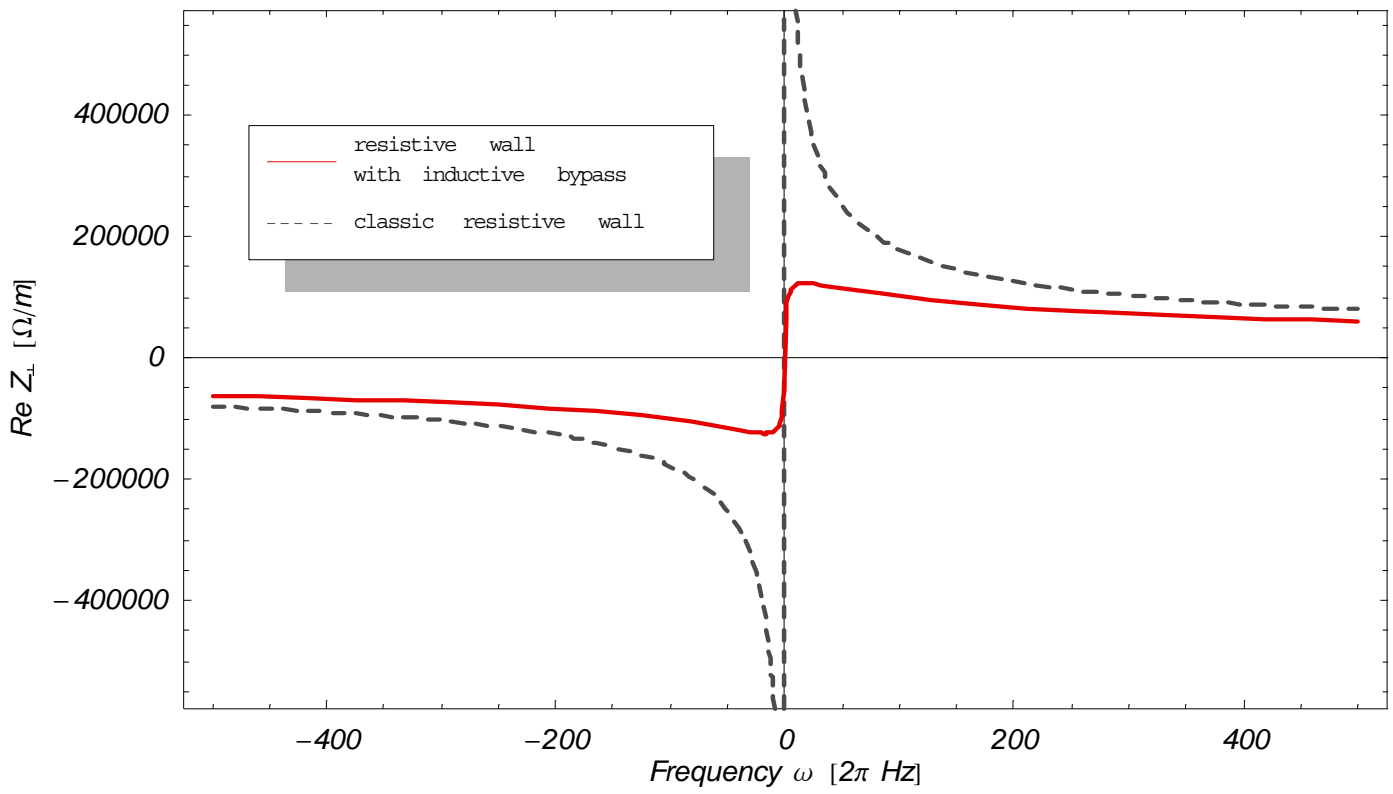
$$Z_{m=1}^{\perp}(\omega) = (1 - i) \frac{cL}{\pi b^2} \frac{\mu_0}{\left(2 + 2i + b\sqrt{\frac{2\sigma\mu_0}{\mu_r}}\right)} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{\omega}}$$

$$W_{m=1}^{\perp}(t < 0) = -\frac{cL}{\pi^{3/2}b^3} \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0\mu_r}{\sigma}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{|t|}}$$

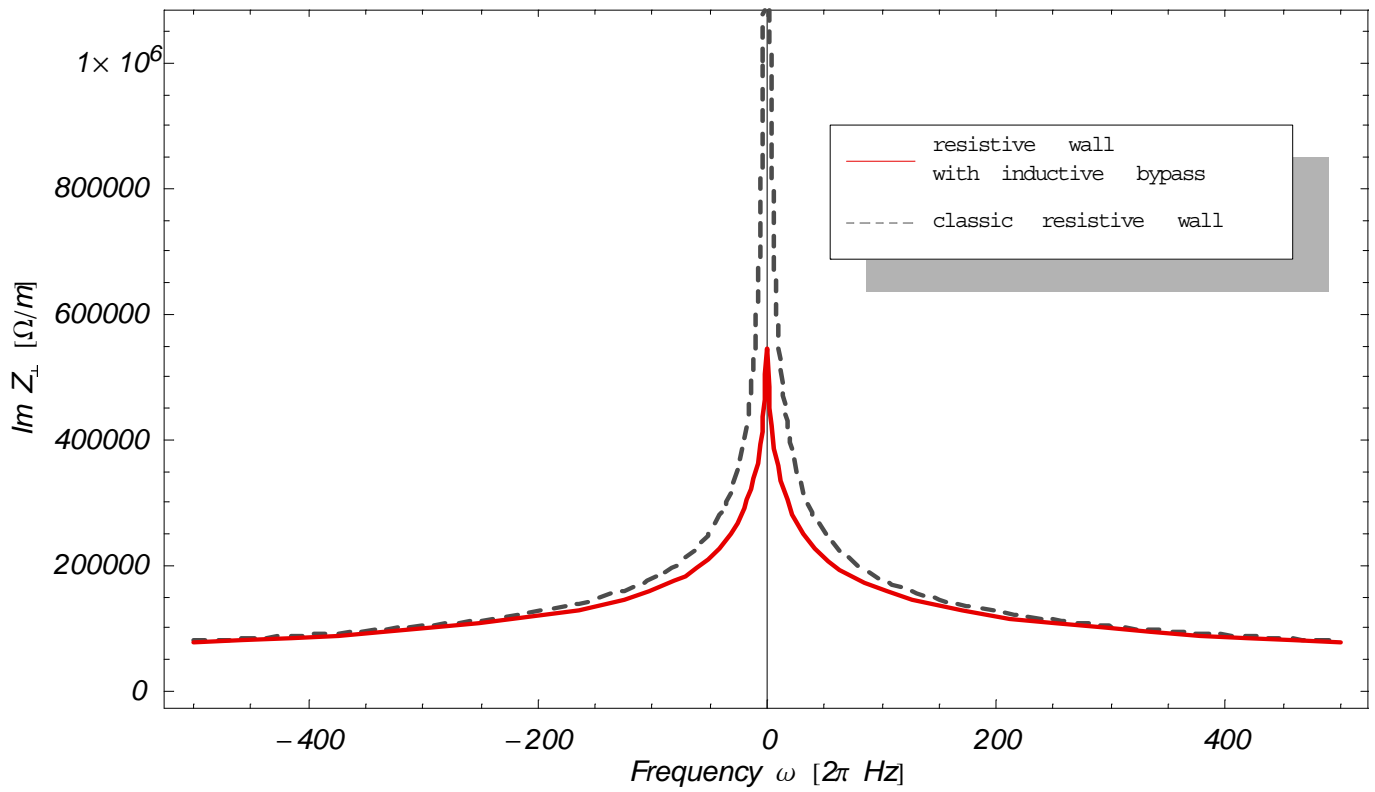
$$+ \exp\left[\frac{4\mu_r}{b^2\sigma\mu_0}|t|\right] \frac{2cL}{b^4\pi} \sqrt{\frac{\mu_r}{\sigma^2}}$$

$$+ \exp\left[\frac{4\mu_r}{b^2\sigma\mu_0}|t|\right] \frac{2cL}{b^4\pi} \sqrt{\frac{\mu_r^2}{\sigma^2}} \cdot \operatorname{erfi}\sqrt{\frac{4\mu_r}{\sigma\mu_0 b^2}t}$$

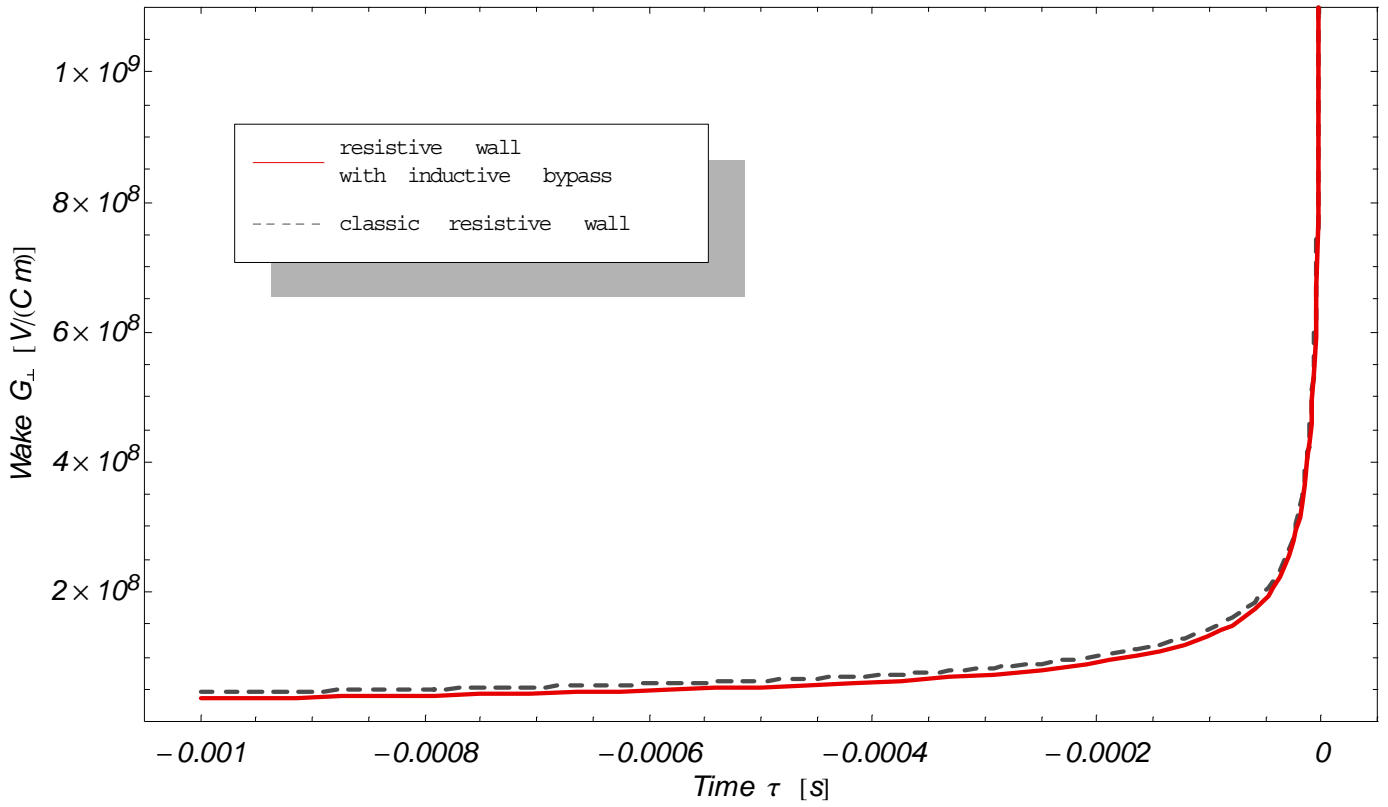
Transverse Resistive Wall Impedance $Z_{\perp}(\omega)$



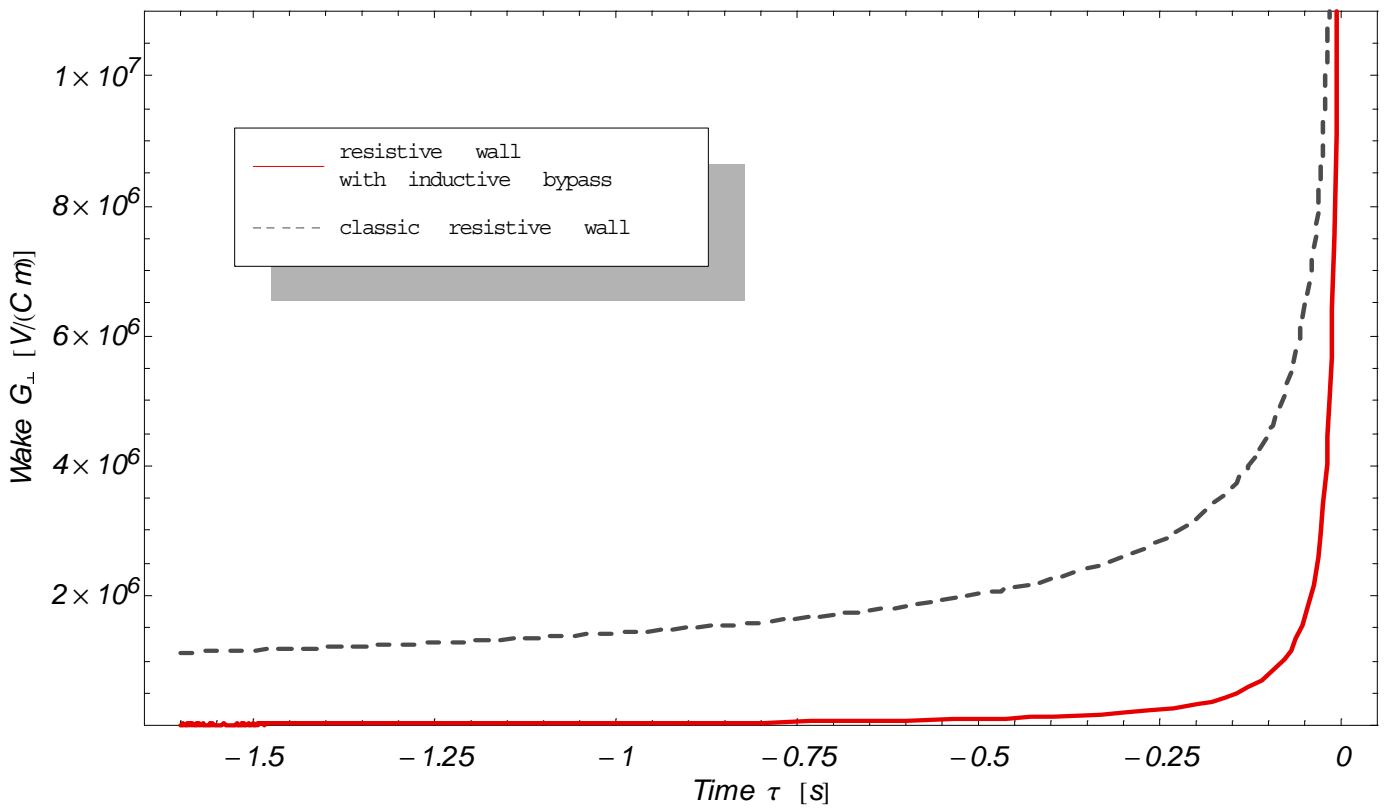
Transverse Resistive Wall Impedance $Z_{\perp}(\omega)$



Transverse Resistive Wall Wake Function $G_{\perp}(\tau)$



Transverse Resistive Wall Wake Function $G_{\perp}(\tau)$



(Logarithmic Transverse Resistive Wall Wake Function $\text{Log } G_{\perp}(\text{Log } \tau)$)

