

Optimum run time, integrated luminosity, etc.

$$\frac{1}{N_b} \frac{\Delta N_b}{\Delta t} = n_{IP} L \sigma \frac{1}{n_b} \frac{1}{N_b} + c \left(\frac{N}{V} \right)_{vac} \sigma_{vac} \quad \text{collisions, gas scattering}$$

$$N_b \approx \frac{N_b^0}{1 + n_{IP} L \sigma N_b^0 t / n_b} \equiv \frac{N_b^0}{1 + t / \tau} \quad \text{intensity evolution for collisions only}$$

$$\frac{1}{\varepsilon_x} \frac{\Delta \varepsilon_x}{\Delta t} = \frac{1}{\tau_{IBS}(N_b, \varepsilon_x, \varepsilon_y, \sigma_z, \sigma_\delta, \dots)} \propto N_b^2 \quad \text{IBS growth rate}$$

collision lifetime with $\sigma \sim 100$ mbarn, $n_{IP} \sim 2$:

$L_{peak} = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ in 2008 bunches, $N_b \sim 1.15 \times 10^{11}$: $\tau_{eff} \sim \tau \sim 32$ h (effectively 16 h)

$L_{peak} = 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ in 5016 bunches, $N_b \sim 1.7 \times 10^{11}$: $\tau_{eff} \sim \tau \sim 12$ h (effectively 6 h)

$\tau_{gas} > 100$ h (effectively 50 h)

$\tau_{IBS} \sim 105$ h (x emittance growth time, effectively 210 h)

in first approximation we can neglect the contributions from gas scattering and IBS

consider

$$L(t) = \frac{\hat{L}}{\left(1 + t / \tau_{eff}\right)^2}$$

instead of exponential decay
(Walter, Francesco,...)

$$L_{ave} = \frac{\hat{L} \tau_{eff} T_{coll}}{\left(\tau_{eff} + T_{coll}\right) \left(T_{coll} + T_{turnaround}\right)}$$

average luminosity

$$\rightarrow T_{coll, optimum} = \sqrt{\tau_{eff} T_{turnaround}}$$

optimum run time

L_{peak} [cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	beam lifetime τ_{eff} [h]	$T_{turnaround}$ [h]	T_{coll} [h]	Int L over 200 days (in parentheses are numbers from Francesco)
10^{34}	32	10	17.9	71 (66)
10^{34}	32	5	12.6	89 (85)
10^{35}	12	10	11.0	472 (434)
10^{35}	12	5	7.7	638 (608)