

FOLLOW-UP OF THE GSI WORKSHOP HELD ON 30-31/03/06

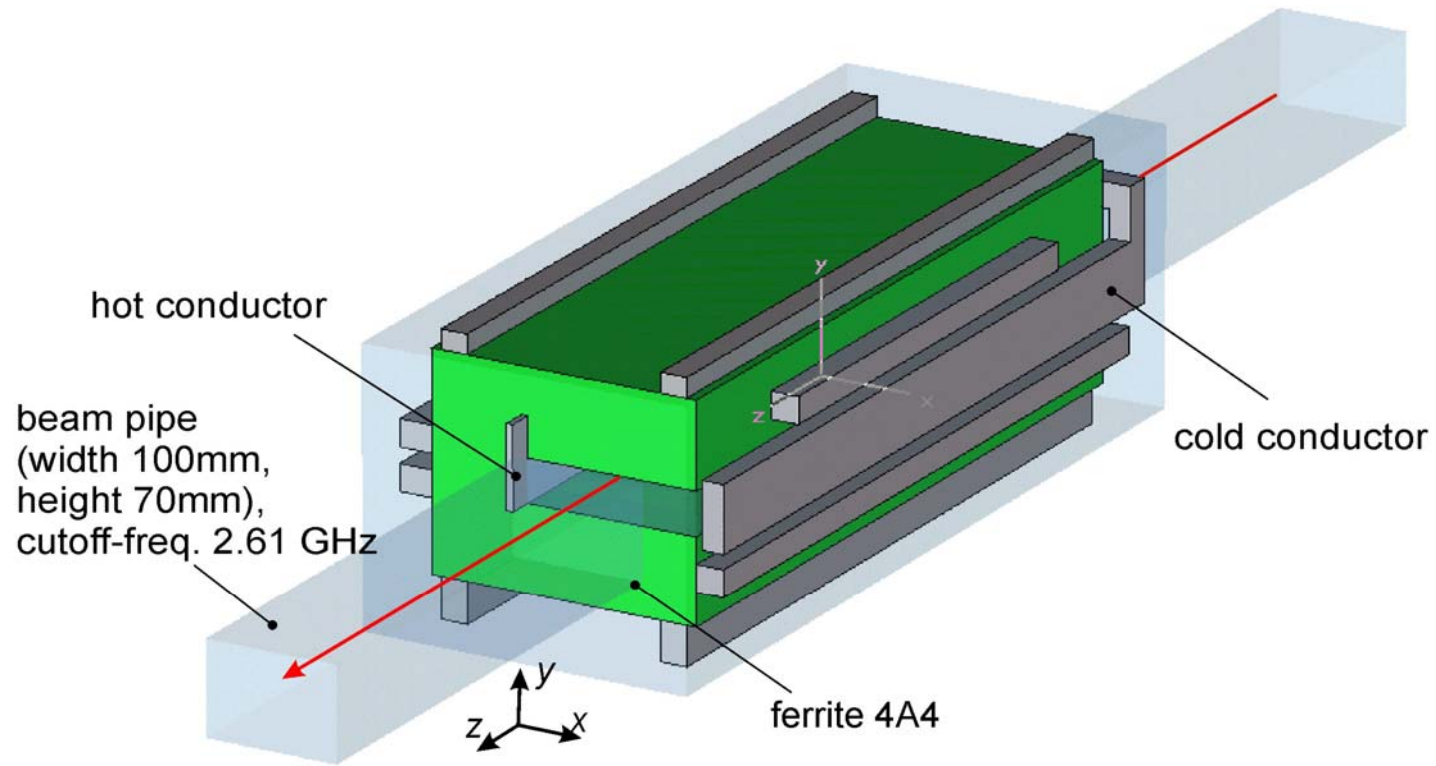
Elias Métral

- ◆ **Burkhardt Doliwa (TU Darmstadt)**
⇒ Simulation for the SPS MKE kicker
- ◆ **Rainer Hasse (GSI)**
⇒ Numerical estimate for a LHC collimator

PRELIMINARY RESULTS ⇒ They are still checking them

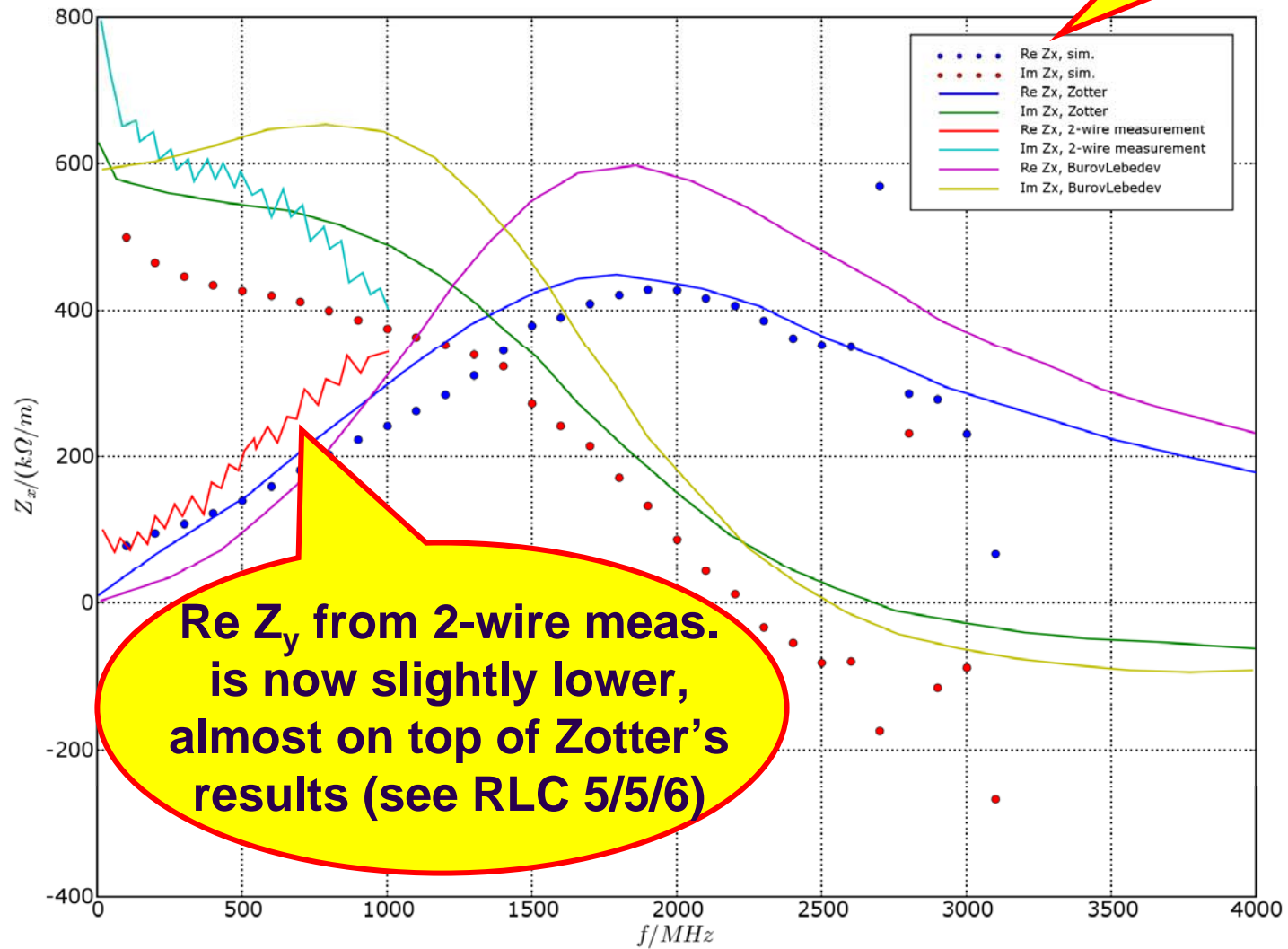
BURKHARDT DOLIWA (1/2)

Length simulated = 1/3 of the original



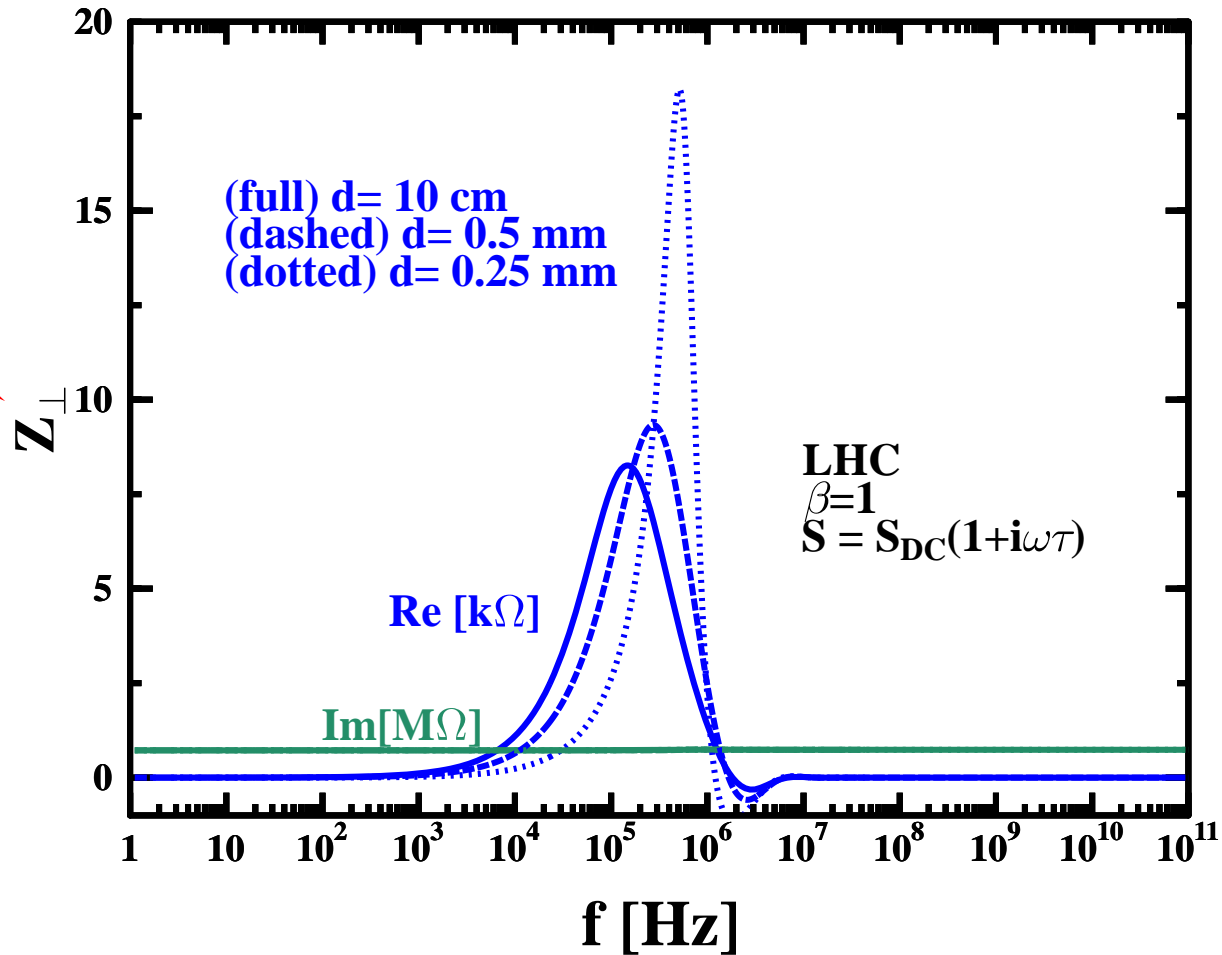
BURKHARDT DOLIWA (2/2)

Z_x should be Z_y



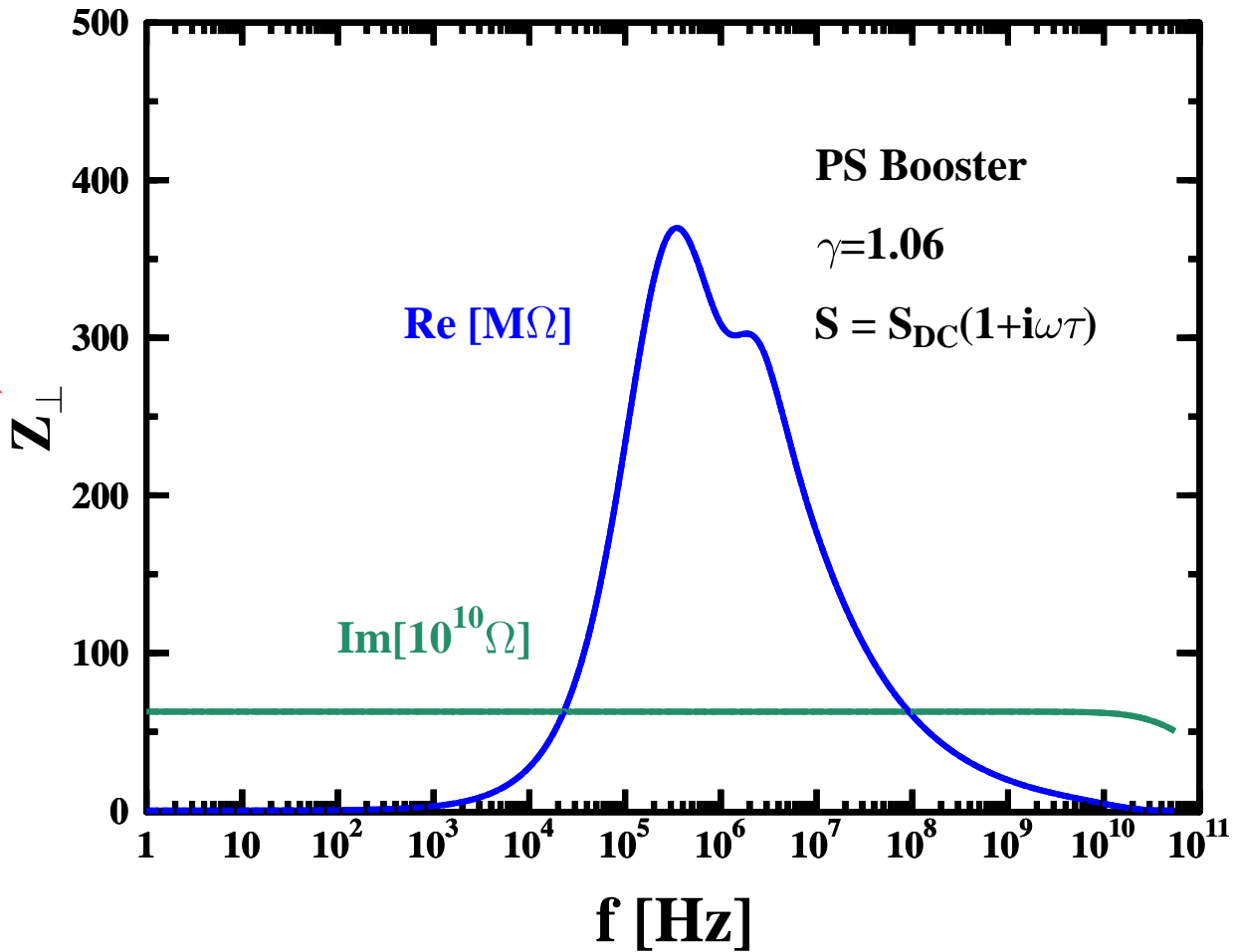
RAINER HASSE (1/6)

With SC



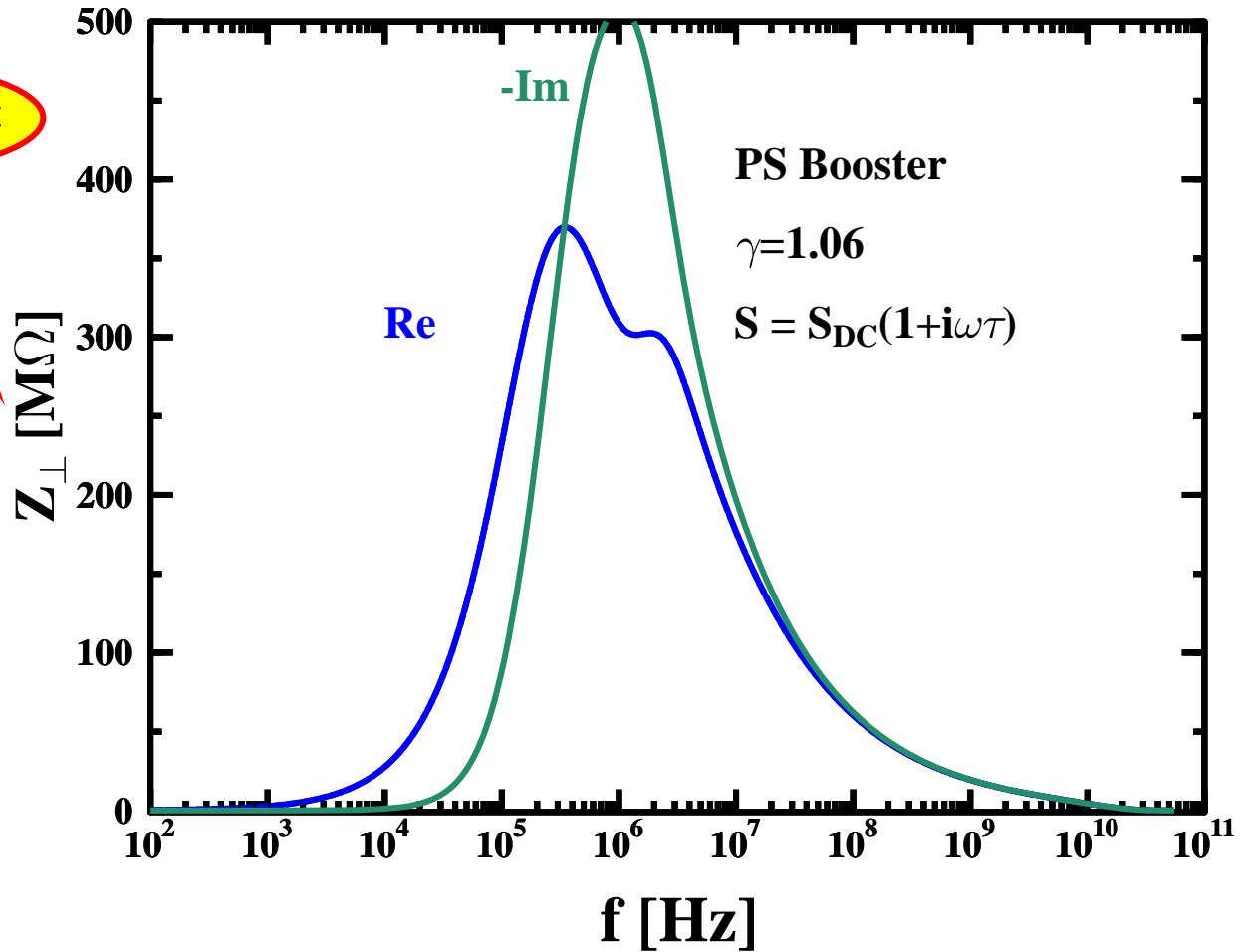
RAINER HASSE (2/6)

With SC



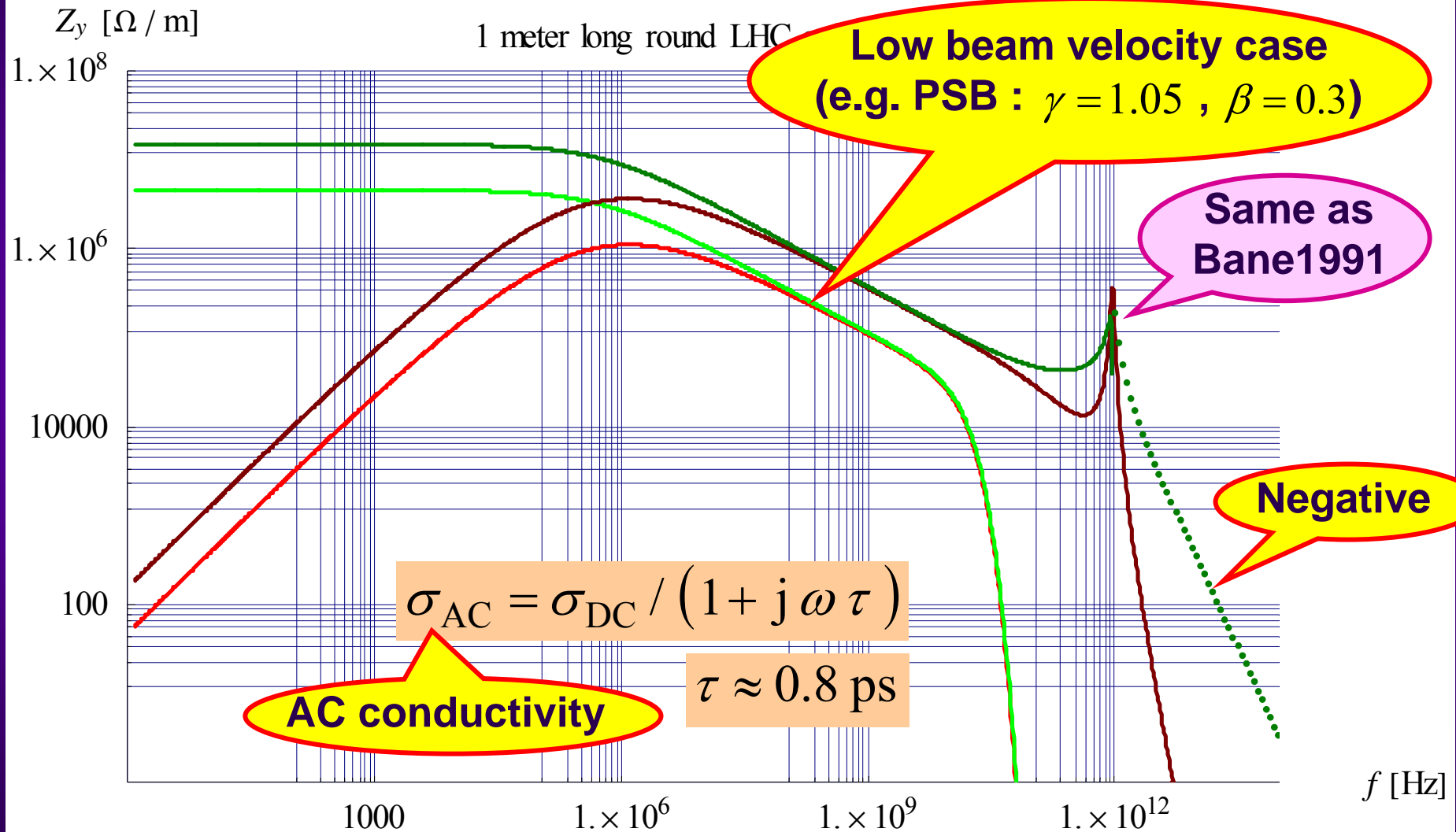
RAINER HASSE (3/6)

Without SC

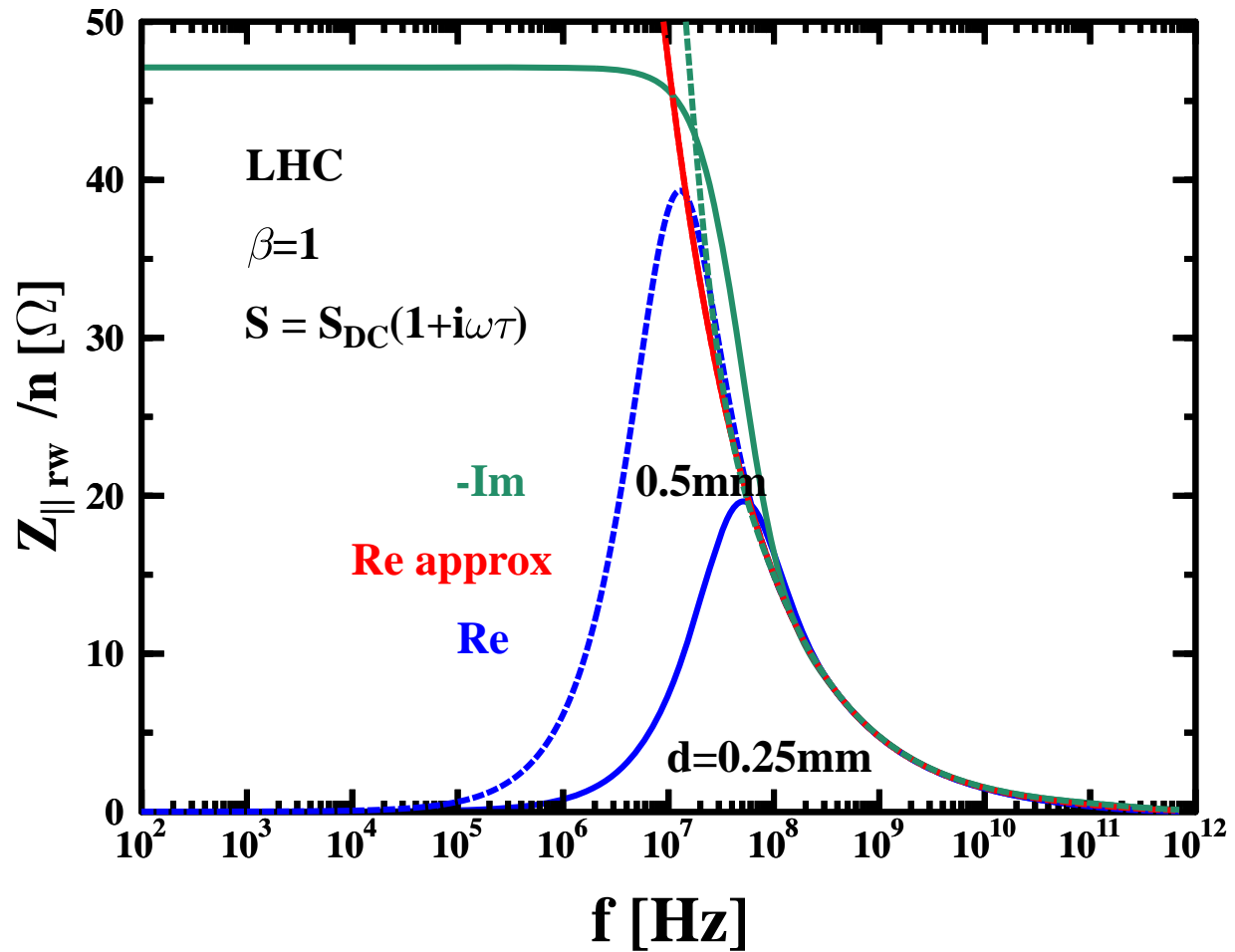


RAINER HASSE (4/6)

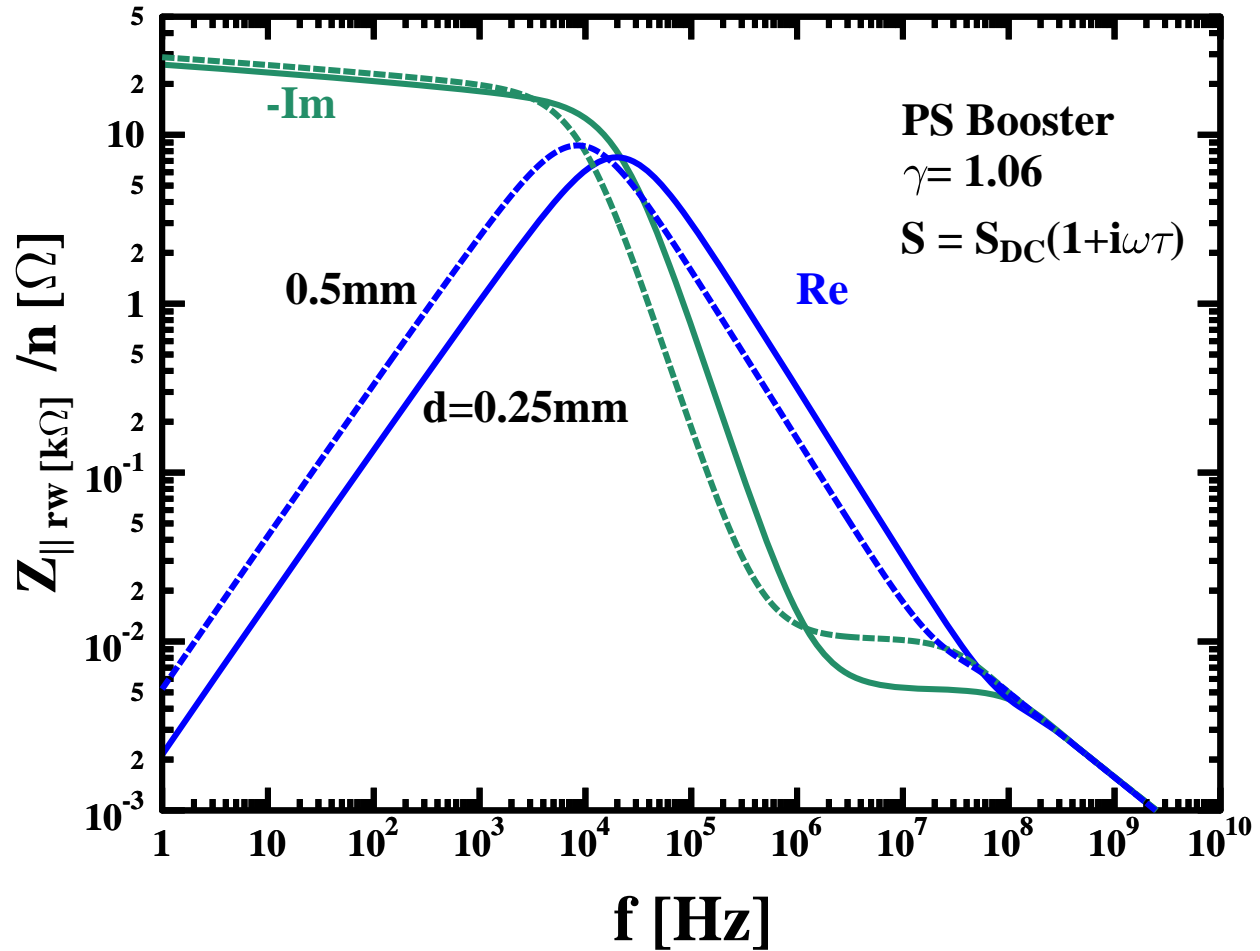
⇒ To be compared with



RAINER HASSE (5/6)



RAINER HASSE (6/6)



APPENDIX: COLLABORATION WITH RAINER HASSE

COLLABORATION BETWEEN CERN (Elias Métral and B. Zotter) AND GSI (Ahmed Al-Khateeb and Rainer Hasse) Monday, April 10, 2006

As discussed during the workshop in GSI (March 30-31), we proposed to cross-check our formulae and decided to start with the following two items.

1) A LHC collimator

- Circular chamber.
- Longitudinal length = 1 m.
- Make the plots of the real and imaginary parts of the transverse impedance from 0 to 10^{13} Hz. Consider an AC conductivity for the graphite
 $\sigma_{AC} = \sigma_{DC} / (1 + j 2 \pi f \tau)$ where σ_{DC} is the DC conductivity (the measured DC isotropic resistivity value is $10 \mu\Omega\text{m}$) and $\tau \approx 0.8$ ps is the relaxation time.
- Make the plot for LHC (with relativistic factors $\beta = 1$ and $\gamma = 7462.69$) and for the PSBooster (with relativistic factors $\beta = 0.3$ and $\gamma = 1.05$).

1.1) Without copper coating

- 1 layer of graphite only extended up to infinity.
- Half gap = 2 mm.
- What is the numerical value of the real and imaginary parts of the transverse impedance at 8 kHz?

1.2) With copper coating

- Add inside a coating of $5 \mu\text{m}$ of copper (resistivity = $17 \text{ n}\Omega\text{m}$).
- What is the numerical value of the real and imaginary parts of the transverse impedance at 8 kHz?

2) A SPS MKE Kicker

- Circular chamber.
- Longitudinal length = 1.66 m.
- Layer 1 = 4A4 ferrite (8C11 in reality but more complex. See later...).
- Gap (inner radius) = 16 mm.
- Thickness = 60 mm.
- resistivity = $\rho = 10^6 \Omega\text{m}$.
- Permeability:

$$\mu(f) = \frac{\mu_i}{1 + j 2 \pi f \tau_\mu} + 1, \quad \mu_i = 460, \quad \frac{1}{2 \pi \tau_\mu} = 20 \text{ MHz}.$$

- Permittivity:

$$\epsilon' = 12 - \frac{j}{2 \pi f \rho \epsilon_0}, \quad \text{with } \epsilon_0 = 8.84 * 10^{-12}.$$

- Layer 2 = vacuum.
- Make the plots of the real and imaginary parts of the transverse impedance from 0 to 4 GHz.
- What are the numerical values of the real and imaginary parts of the transverse impedance at 1, 2, 3, and 4 GHz?